Office of Chief Counsel Internal Revenue Service

memorandum

date: June 13, 2001

to: Team Manager, Team
Mail Stop

from:

Special Litigation Assistant (LMSB)

s^{ı.L}iect:

UIL Nos.: 482.09-00 Services; 482.09-03 Integral Part of Business

This memorandum is in response to your request for an analysis of a proposed adjustment to the taxpayer's gross income under I.R.C. § 482 for the transfer of technical services from members of the consolidated group to foreign affiliates. Specifically, on June 1, 2001, this office was asked to review a draft document entitled "working paper," which would serve as the foundation for the proposed adjustment, as well as review approximately fifty documents received from the taxpayer by the examination team on the proposed adjustment, regarding technical services provided by the proposed by the provided by the provided

This memorandum should not be cited as precedent.

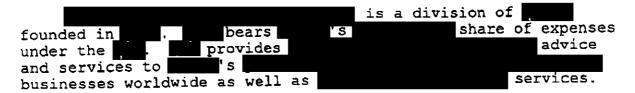
ISSUE and SUMMARY CONCLUSION

Whether an adjustment to the taxpayer's gross income under I.R.C. § 482 is warranted due to the transfer of technical services to foreign affiliates for less than an arm's length charge. We conclude that an adjustment is not warranted.

FACTS

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and s operations are contrasted on page 12 of the working paper. provides contract services under the moniker "research application" to affiliates and others worldwide. serves as the primary and manager of activity for the entire group of group of companies. On occasion, will use as a contractor for some applications, but reserves an expanding role, for itself as a service provider.

Total research application billings is sued by increased from \$ in to \$ in the second i represented company billings increased from \$ _____ in , ___ to \$ in . . billed foreign affiliates over \$ years for services, more than times as much as it billed companies active in the United States.

One of the third parties which provided services for was ____ during ,

, the shareholders were in discussions with the who wanted the companies to provide a certain level of assistance after the transfer to ... In a theme that would be repeated over the next several years, the sticking point of the negotiations was the amount of the "fee" to be paid and the purpose for the "fee." It appears that the fee was always expected to be an amount beyond the cost of the companies to provide the services. The expressed an interest in keeping the fee " which would appear to mean justifiable with respect to the value of the services performed, while the companies wanted a fixed fee which would ." In effect, the companies saw the fee as a which would payment for be ready to meet the demands for services, a sort of retainer.

After considerable negotiations, and the companies, which formed a partnership referred to as time, settled upon a same annual fee in addition to times salary and payroll

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burden for technical services and times salary and benefits for employee "," effective from through through the amount of the annual fee was negotiated downward to \$ for through thro

DISCUSSION

According to page 13 of the working paper, the charges all services to affiliates at "cost," and thus claims that the services provided by and meet the "safe harbor" provision of Treas. Reg. § 1.482-2(b)(3). (An exception of unknown consequence is the "charged by to non-members of the .)

An arm's length charge shall not be deemed equal to costs or deductions with respect to services which are an integral part of the business activity of either the renderer or the recipient of the services. Treas. Reg. §§ 1.482-2(b)(7)(i) through (b)(7)(iv) describe situations in which services shall be considered an integral part of the business activity of a member of a group of controlled entities.

Under Treas. Reg. § 1.482-2(b)(7)(i), services are an integral part of the business activity of a member of a controlled group where either the renderer or the recipient is engaged in the trade or business of rendering similar services to one or more unrelated parties. (It was noted in a partners are in the business of providing technical assistance to third parties and that the arrangement with was unique.)

Under Treas. Reg. § 1.482-2(b)(7)(iii), services are an integral part of the business activity of a member of a controlled group where the renderer is peculiarly capable of rendering the services and such services are a principal element in the operations of the recipient. This provision is the focus of the

Although not specifically mentioned in the appears that the documents would be expected to provide much of the support for the argument that is peculiarly capable of rendering the services provided.

(b)(5)(AC)

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and pp. discussions.	
The fact of the matter is that the document and the marginally supportive of a "peculiarly capable" are sufficiently so for the following reasons:	ments, while gument, are not
1. <u>Difference in renderer</u> . The services are being under the partners, and partners, and itself apparatus anything to do with partners, (b)(5)(AC)	lack the
2. <u>Difference in services rendered</u> . The services performed by with respect to (b)(5)(AC)	are being in
?	
3. Allocation of fee. The fee is not shared by the partners solely on the level of their contribution partially on the basis of their equity positions,	
4. Purpose of fee. (b)(5)(AC)	
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5. Waning peculiarity.	

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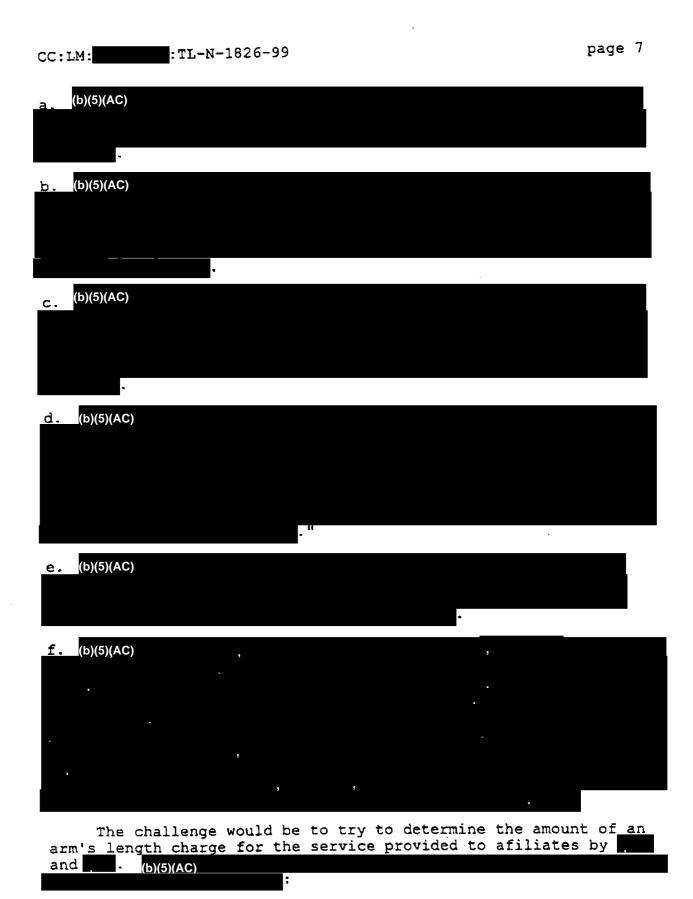
6. Value of services not substantially in excess of costs or deductions of the renderer.

7. The continually shrinking value.

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page 6 CC:LM::::TL-N-1826-99 partners begin to show different attitudes about fee level.

(b)(5)(AC), (b)(5)(AWP)



page 8 CC: LM: TL-N-1826-99 (b)(5)(AC) (i)(iii) (iv) (v)

CONCLUSION

After considering the documentation and arguments presented to date, it is the recommendation of this office that the proposed section 482 transfer of services issue not be included as an adjustment to the revenue agent's report for While reasonable opinions may differ, it is very unlikely that the peculiarly capable characterization of the services could be achieved (b)(5)(AC)

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This writing may contain privileged information. Any unauthorized disclosure of this writing may have an adverse effect on privileges, such as the attorney client privilege. If disclosure becomes necessary, please contact this office for our views.

Special Litigation Assistant (LMSB)

APPROVED:

Area Counsel